

2402 Daniels Street, Madison, WI 53718 USA

Phone: 608/221-3361 Fax: 608/221-0180 www.tecotested.com

Timberco Inc. dba TECO

Ed Starostovic, PE

edstarr@tecotested.com

Steve Winistorfer, PE Executive VP

stevewin@tecotested.com

ronmus@tecotested.com

Ron Musolino VP, Sales and Marketing

Jim Vogt, PE Technical Director jvogt@tecotested.com

President

Can OSB be substituted for plywood in UL fire-rated assemblies that specify plywood?

Many fire-rated assemblies specified and built today were originally tested and approved with plywood as the floor covering. Because APA often supplied panels for tests, some specifications still list APA-rated panels as the approved sheathing in these assemblies. In 2000, engineers at Underwriters Laboratories (UL) of Northbrook, IL, determined that OSB of an equivalent thickness could be substituted for plywood in these designs. Going one-step further, UL revised its UL fire-rated assembles to no longer limit use of structural panels to those of a single certification agency. The revision, sponsored by TECO and PFS, was necessary because original language appeared to exclude the use of plywood and OSB panels unless certified by APA. While never intending to restrict panel use to a single agency, UL recognized this language as exclusionary and modified the assembly designs to include the use of all panels meeting PS 1 and PS 2 standards.

The new, revised language is included in the 2000 edition of the UL Fire Resistance Directory. A subsection 13 has been added to the General section at the beginning of Volume I and includes the following:

"Wood Structural Panel is a structural panel product composed primarily of wood and meeting the requirements of the U.S. Department of Commerce Voluntary Standard PS 1, *Construction and Industrial Plywood* or the U.S. Department of Commerce Voluntary Product Standard PS 2, *Performance Standard for Wood-Based Structural-Use Panels*. Wood structural panels include all-veneer plywood, composite panels containing a combination of veneer and wood-based material, and mat formed panels such as oriented strand board and waferboard. The panels are to bear the label of a code recognized certification organization with a specific reference to the PS 1 or PS 2 standard. The panels shall also be marked Exposure 1 or Exterior. Some individual designs may limit the type of panel that can be used.

As an alternate, wood structural panels evaluated in accordance with APA -The Engineered Wood Association Standard PRP-108, *Performance Standards and Policies for Structural-Use Panels*, or PFS Research Foundation Standard PRP-133, *Performance Standards and Policies for Wood-Based Structural-Use Panels*, and meeting the description for the panel type in the individual designs, may be used."

In addition, all references to trade names have been removed from the individual design assembly descriptions and replaced with more generic terminology. Examples include:

"19/32 in. thick wood structural panels, min. grade "C-D" or "Sheathing". Face grain of plywood or strength axis of panels...."

"23/32 in. thick wood structural panels, min. grade "Underlayment" or "Single-Floor". Face grain....."

Architects and engineers specify fire-rated wall, floor and roof assemblies extensively in structures where one- and two-hour fire protection is required. The *UL Fire Resistance Directory* is available from Underwriters Laboratories by calling (847) 272-8800. The complete UL Fire Resistance Directory is also available on the Internet at UL's website (<u>http://www.ul.com</u>).

Eugene, OR Shreveport, LA

International Offices: Harrogate, England Tokyo, Japan

U.S. Division Offices:

Accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for the specific scope of accreditation under Lab Code 100420-0